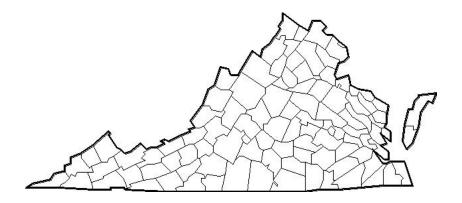
TESTS FOR HIGHER STANDARDS

Science



Chemistry

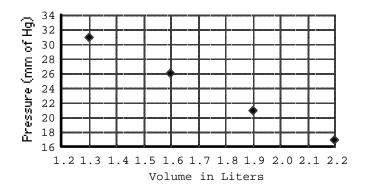
For the 2003 Virginia Standards of Learning

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CH.1q

14. This graph shows the relationship between the volume of a gas and pressure at a constant temperature. What describes the relationship shown by the graph?



- A Over this pressure range, there is an approximately linear, inverse relationship with a slope of about -2.
- **B** Over this pressure range, there is an approximately linear, direct relationship with a slope of about +1/2.
- **C** There is a parabolic relationship that is concave downward.
- **D** There is a high positive correlation between the volume and pressure.

CH.1h

- 15. Listed below are different modules or probes which gather data when attached to graphing calculators. Which might be useful in studying the progress of a chemical reaction?
 - I voltage
 - II acceleration
 - III pH
 - IV temperature
 - V light intensity
 - VI dissolved O₂
 - VII rotational velocity
- **A** I, III, & V
- B II, IV, & VII
- **C** I, III, IV, & V
- **D** V, VI, & VII

CH.3b

38. Which chemical equation is NOT correct?

- **A** $CH_4 + 2O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O$
- $\textbf{B} \quad 2\,\text{H}_2\text{O} + \,\text{O}_2 \to 2\,\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
- $\textbf{C} \quad 3 \, \text{FeCl}_2 + 2 \, \text{Na}_2 \text{PO}_4 \rightarrow 6 \, \text{NaCl} + \text{Fe}_3 (\text{PO}_4)$
- **D** $Cl_2 + 2 LiBr \rightarrow 2 LiCl + Br_2$

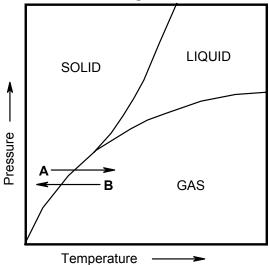
CH.3c

39. The molecular formula for the sugar glucose is $C_6H_{12}O_6$. What would be its empirical formula?

- **A** CHO
- **B** CH₂O
- **C** 6 CHO
- **D** $C_2H_{12}O_2$

CH.5d

74. What are the proper labels for arrows A and B in the Phase Diagram below? Phase Diagram



A A = boiling; B = freezing

B A = evaporation; **B** = precipitation

C A = sublimation; **B** = deposition

D A = gasification; **B** = solidification

CH.5e

- 75. The heat of fusion of bromine (Br_2) is 10.8 kJ/mol. How much energy will it take to melt 2.00 kg of solid bromine at its melting point?
- **A** 10.8 kJ
- **B** 33.8 kJ
- **C** 67.5 kJ
- **D** 135.0 kJ

CH.5e

- 76. The specific heat of aluminum is 0.89 J/(g °C) or 0.21 cal/(g °C). How many joules of heat energy are required to raise 1 g of water 1° C?
- **A** 0.89 J
- **B** 1.0 J
- **C** 2.4 J
- **D** 4.2 J